Morbidity and Mortality

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

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Provisional Information on Selected Notifiable Diseases in the United States and on Deaths in Selected Cities for Week Ended November 22, 1958

Eleven of the 12 cases of typhoid fever reported in California for the current week are from an epidemic in Los Angeles city (Morbidity and Mortality Report, week ended November 15, 1958). To date, laboratory reports on 1 carrier and 15 of 18 diagnosed cases in the epidemic have been positive for typhoid organisms, phage type E-1.

One case of rabies has been reported for the current week by the California Department of Public Health. The preliminary report states that a woman was bitten by a bat on August 30 and died November 4. There was a clinical diagnosis of rabies. She had received hyperimmune serum and duck embryo vaccine. Several days after biting the woman the bat was reported positive for rabies. If this case is confirmed by appropriate laboratory tests it will be the first clear-cut case of human rabies following a bite by a bat to be reported in the United

The 4 cases of encephalitis reported in Kansas for the current week represent 2 cases each of St. Louis and western equine encephalitis.

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS

Staphylococcal food poisoning from cheese

Information of a preliminary nature has been received from Indiana State Board of Health and Dr. J. H. Ackerman, Public Health Service, with reference to staphylococcal food poisoning following the eating of cheese produced in Wisconsin. During the week of October 20, 7 cases were reported in Three Oaks, Michigan, and later in the week sporadic cases were reported in Marshall County, Indiana. Eight additional cases were reported subsequently in southwestern Michigan and 2

Continued on page 2

Table I. Cases of Specified Notifiable Diseases: Continental United States

(Numbers after diseases are category numbers of the Seventh Revision of the International Lists, 1955)

DISEASE	4	17th WEE	К	CUMULATIVE NUMBER							
	Nov. No 22, 2			Fi	rst 47 weel	ks	Since se	Approxi- mate			
		Ended Nov. 23, 1957	Median 1953-57	1958	1957	Median 1953-57	1957-58	1956-57	Median 1952-53 to 1956-57	seasonal low point	
Anthrax062	12		- 20	15	18	26	(²)	(2)	(2)	(2)	
Botulism049.1	-	-	134	4	11	12	(2)	(2)	(2)	(²)	
Brucellosis (undulant fever) 044	9	9	27	728	852	1,184	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	
Diphtheria055	4.7	46	62	774	1,018	1,646	424	554	904	July :	
Encephalitis, infectious082	43	21	25	2,173	1,713	1,713	1,564	1,153	1,153	June :	
Hepatitis, infectious,					110	7 - 1		X34_375		1,500	
and serum092, N998.5 pt.	359	211	510	14,126	13,738	29,067	3,531	2,728	5,384	Sept.	
Malaria110-117	3	2	4	72	143	436	(²)	(²)	(2)	(2)	
Measles085	3,654	2,237	2,320	733,058	464,582	539,601	22,695	14,928	14,928	Sept.	
Meningococcal infections057	48	84	79	2,341	2,329	3,175	569	644	644	Sept.	
Meningitis, other340	3 ₈₈	41		3,980	2,157						
Poliomyelitis080	134	58	457	45,563	5,688	28,166	45,344	5,162	27,015	Apr.	
Paralytic080.0,080.1	85	43		2,810	2,050		2,689	1,776		Apr.	
Nomparalytic080.2	24	10		1,926	2,735		1,858	2,572		Apr.	
Unspecified080.3	25	5		827	903		797	814		Apr.	
Psittacosis096.2	_ 3	1	3	131	227	250	(2)	(2)	(²)	(=)	
Rabies in man094	51	1	10/34	5	5	8	(²)	(²)	(2)	(2)	
Typhoid fever040	28	20	22	988	1,230	1,665	811	973	1,353	Apr.	
Typhus fever, endemic101	1	2	2	66	110	121	54	85	105	Apr.	
Rabies in animals	72	62	95	4,175	3,888	4,693	505	485	628	Oct.	

¹Reported in Massachusetts and Pennsylvania. of aseptic meningitis; see footnote to table 2. for Florida, Indiana, Pennsylvania, and Virginia.

Data show no pronounced seasonal change in incidence. Includes revised report for one or more of the categories of poliomyelitis Reported in California.

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS—Continued

outbreaks in Indiana. Illness has been characterized by nausea. vomiting, and diarrhea, after an incubation period of 2 to 4 hours. Samples of cheese examined in the Indiana and Michigan State Health Department laboratories have shown the presence of coagulase-positive hemolytic staphylococci. Samples of cheese held in storage at the manufacturing plant were taken by the Federal Food and Drug Administration and the Wisconsin State Board of Health; these samples have been found to contain staphylococci. The source of this organism may have been raw milk supplied by 10 dairies in Wisconsin. Investigations in Indiana have revealed the fact that complaints about the cheese had been received by the distributor of the product several times during the past summer. Various aspects of these outbreaks and rumors of similar cases in Tennessee and Iowa are being investigated. Steps are being taken to withdraw from the market all of the cheese that appears to have been involved in these episodes of illness.

Trichinosis

Information has been received from the West Virginia Department of Health about 3 cases of trichinosis reported in Kanawha County during early November. Intradermal skin tests and muscle biopsies positive for trichinosis were obtained from all 3 persons. One of the cases was in a 56-year-old female who first suffered a fever followed by symptoms of central nervous system involvement. While in a hospital with an initial diagnosis of brain tumor she developed periorbital edema and eosinophilia (51 percent). This woman denied she eats pork but later admitted to eating a ham sandwich. In the second instance a 26-year-old female was febrile and demonstrated periorbital edema and eosinophilia (48 percent). She had eaten uncooked sausage. The other illness concerned a 33-year-old female who complained of headache, fever, and periorbital edema on several occasions during a 6-month period. She admitted eating raw bacon, ham, and sausage. Investigation has failed to reveal a common source of infection. nor has the specific source been identified in each case. These are the first cases of trichinosis to be reported in West Virginia since 1952.

Histoplasmosis

The West Virginia Department of Health has also supplied information on a case of histoplasmosis in a male bus driver, about 30 years old. The man had been watching a wrecking crew demolish an old school building when all 4 walls of the building suddenly collapsed, showering dust and debris over the workers and spectators. One week later he developed a cough and fever and complained of general malaise. X-ray findings of the chest and an intradermal skin test were compatible with a diagnosis of histoplasmosis. Sputum specimens produced a fungus growth described as "morphologically characteristic of Histoplasma capsulatum." There was evidence that birds had occupied the upper story of the building for some time. Investigation is underway to determine whether any other persons exposed to the dust and debris of the building have become infected.

Infectious hepatitis

Information has been received from the Massachusetts Department of Public Health about a small outbreak of infectious

hepatitis in 2 communities in the northwest part of the State. During 1956 only 1 case of infectious hepatitis was reported in this area; in 1957 there were 3 cases; but during 1958 to date 36 cases have been reported. Four sporadic cases had been reported prior to July but since July 12, 2 or 3 new cases per week occurred until the weeks ended August 16 and 23 when 4 and 5 cases, respectively, had their onset. During September and October about 2 cases per week have been occurring. Investigation indicates the infection has been spread by direct contact but the exact manner of the spread is yet to be determined.

Malaria

Dr. J. E. McCroan, Georgia Department of Public Health, has supplied additional information on a case of malaria reported in Pennsylvania (Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, week ended November 1, 1958). The infected person had visited in Georgia prior to his illness. Dr. McCroan reports that examination of thick blood films obtained from persons in the neighborhood and household which the man visited have yielded negative findings. As a measure of further investigation it is reported that all physicians in the area have been asked to submit to the laboratory thick blood films obtained from all persons with fever of unknown origin during a period of 3 months.

Typhoid fever

Dr. H. D. Palmer, New Jersey District State Health Officer, has reported an outbreak of 6 cases of typhoid fever in a community of about 1,000 population. On October 24, 1958, a 42-year-old woman died with a tentative diagnosis of typhoid fever. This diagnosis was subsequently confirmed. By November 8, other cases had developed in 5 persons ranging in age from 2 to 16 years. The diagnoses were confirmed by isolation of Salmonella typhi from stool specimens and/or agglutination titers. Blood specimens were positive for "O" and "H" antigens. The community is without public water and sewerage facilities. The houses in which the illnesses occurred have cesspools and shallow wells. The area was described as a "slum." Stool and urine specimens are being obtained from the immediate contacts and from recent visitors of the infected persons as well as other possible contacts.

Staphylococcal food poisoning

The California Department of Public Health has supplied information on 3 outbreaks of staphylococcal food poisoning, investigated by F. S. Listick, Los Angeles City Health Department. One of the outbreaks occurred in a home for the aged where 27 persons out of 31 who ate the suspect food, turkey salad, became ill from 1½ to 6½ hours after eating. Symptoms of nausea, vomiting and diarrhea lasted about 1 day. The turkey salad contained turkey left over from a dinner the previous day, mayonnaise, chopped eggs, and celery. The mayonnaise was from a newly opened jar. On the morning of the day the turkey salad was served the cook reported the refrigerator had not been operating all during the night. A sample of the salad was positive for staphylococci.

In another outbreak 29 persons became ill after eating a luncheon attended by approximately 90 persons. About 41 persons ate the suspect food, turkey salad. All but 2 persons developed symptoms from 1 to 5 hours after eating; for the 2, the time of onset ranged up to 18 hours. Symptoms in-

Continued on page 8

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED NOVEMBER 23, 1957, AND NOVEMBER 22, 1958

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Seventh Revision of the International Lists, 1955)

area	PRUCELLOSIS (UNDULANT FEVER) 044			DIPHTRE	TRIA 055		ENCEPHALITIS, INFECTIOUS		HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS, AND SERUM 092, N998.5 pt.				
, and a			47th week		Cumulative first 47 weeks		082		47th week		Cumulative first 47 weeks		
	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	
CONT. UNITED STATES	9	9	47	46	774	1,018	43	21	3 59	211	14,126	13,738	
NEW ENGLAND	- 2	-	2	2	8	26	-	:(e:	24	10	548	736	
Maine	-	-		-	-	3		-	2	2	67	232	
Vermont	_ [_		-		1.5		1	-	27	8	
Massachusetts	-	-	2	2	7	23	-	-	11	2	276	210	
Rhode IslandConnecticut		-			1	-	-	-	1	1	67	7:	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	1		_			-	-	_	9	5	109	12:	
New York	1		_	3	36 16	87 40	3	9 4	63 32	49 40	1,908 1,278	2,223	
New Jersey	-	21	-	_	3	10	1	4	4	3	153	266	
Pennsylvania	-	-	-	1	17	37	2	1	27	6	477	556	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	-	1	-	5	42	51	8	2	48	18	2,320	2,39	
OhioIndiana		100	- [5	8 18	13 17	1	1	9	9	723	586	
Illinois	_	-	-	5	18	3	1 6		6 13	3	206 562	30°	
Michigan	-	1	- 1	-	6	16	-	1	16	6	622	60	
Wisconsin	-	-	-	-	1	2		-	4		207	233	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	3	4	6	5	111	81	4	1	19	8	1,146	75:	
Minnesota	1	-	6	1	51	35	-	-	4	4	173	28	
Missouri	1	4			14 14	7	-	-	7	1	197	17:	
North Dakota	_ [3	3	-		3	1	230 215	12:	
South Dakota	-	-	-	3	17	10	-	-	_	ı	16	35	
Nebraska	1	-	-	1	10	18	-	-	2	-	81	2	
Kansas	1	-	-	-11.	2	7	4	1	-	- 1	234	26	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	1	1	27	10	256	351	2	2	27	9	1,080	1,05	
Maryland		- 1	-		3	3	5 <u>-</u>		9	1	52	10	
District of Columbia	_	_	_		2	-		-	-		148 19	9	
Virginia	-	1	3	121-	32	16	1		6	2	260	40	
West Virginia		-	1	ī	10	9	-		3	1	142	8	
North Carolina	1		2	- 3	28 38	45 96	1	1	2	3	60 39	10:	
Georgia	1	-	16	4	94	102	-	1	_	i	132	12	
Florida		. 1 1 -	5	2	49	80	- 1	-	7	1	228	18	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	1	-	4	12	81	155	5	1	23	21	1,146	1,74	
Kentucky	-	-	1	2	5	18	3	1	14	10	557	74	
TennesseeAlabama	0.5		2	6	10 37	12 68	1	- 1	3	2	305	62	
Mississippi	1	1	í	4	29	57	1	- I	6	7 2	201 83	24- 12:	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	1	1	7	6	173	197	12	-	22	29	The state of		
Arkansas	. 1		2	3	34	37			-	1	1,072	1,06	
Louisiana	1	-		1	62	24	-	-	_	-	13	5.	
Oklahoma	-	1	-	-	25	23	-	-	1	3	145	12	
Texas			5	2	52	113	12		21	25	818	81	
MOUNTAIN	-	1	1	1	54	35	1	1	71	24	2,196	1,19	
Idaho	340	1			16	9	1-1-1		12	3	370 186	17	
Wyoming	5 -	-	-	1	2	6	34	1	- 15	4	18	9i 5:	
Colorado	-	-	1		12	2		11/6/	11	1	273	17	
New Mexico	-	-	1-		18	11	-	1 1-	22	11	320	37	
Jtah			1 (1)	1	4	2	1	Sec. 198	6	1	757	23	
Nevada	_	_	-	2.	_	-			1		170	3	
PACIFIC	2	1		71	13	35	8	5	62	43	2,710		
dashington	ī	-			-	23	-	-	9	5	432	2,57 35	
Oregon		-	-	-	8	3	1	-	13	3	408	48	
California	1	1		1	5	9	7	5	40	35	1,870	1,73	
Alaska			-		-	n - 5		T 1-2	-	3	79	9:	
MawaiiPuerto Rico	-	1000	2	1	-	60	-	1	5	1	63	6:	
		-	-		48	- 60	-	- 1	16	5	153	15	

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED NOVEMBER 23, 1957, AND NOVEMBER 22, 1958—Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Seventh Revision of the International Lists, 1955)

	POLIOMYELITIS 080											
AREA	Total ¹				Paralytic		Nonparalytic		MALARIA		MEASLES	
	47th week		Cumulative first 47 weeks		080.0,080.1		080.2		110-117		085	
	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957
CONT. UNITED STATES	134	58	5,563	5,688	85	43	24	10	3	2	3,654	2,237
NEW ENGLAND	1	1	91	80	_	1			_	_	408	245
Maine	-	-	4	8	-]	-	-	-	_	9	17
New Hampshire	-	-	4 7	4 5	-	-		-	-	-	22 74	15
Vermont			30	24	-		-		-	_	108	175
Rhode Island		- 1	3	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	3	4
Connecticut	1	1	43	39	-	1	-	-	-	-	192 .	32
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	15	2	668	334	2	2	8	-	-	-	766	379
New York	3	2	277 282	212 79	1	2	_ = 1	_	-		105 210	344
New JerseyPennsylvania	5 7	-	2109	43	1	-	6			_	451	27
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	35	12	1,992	1,512	17	11	7		1	_	422	384
Ohio	6	1	374	263	3	-	-	-	_ =	-	110	88
Indiana	6	3	2129	189	1	3	-	-	1	-	39	
Illinois	6	3 3	233	345 502	3 10	3	5			-	62 109	48
MichiganWisconsin	17	2	1,196 60	213	10	2	<u> </u>	_		-	103	193
No.	12	2	372	448	10	1	2	1	_		326	42
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	1	1	31	52	10	_	-	ı	_	_	6	3.0
Iowa	4	- [67	83	3	-	1	-	21	_	193	
Missouri	7	1	155	121	6	1	1	-	-	-	31	2
North Dakota	-	-	41 13	11 40	_		27.6	-	-	-	88	3.
South Dakota	- [34	77					_		í	
Kansas	-	-	31	64	-		-	-	-	-	(*)	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	17	13	808	814	15	11	1	2	_	1	539	40
Delaware		-	23	5	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	
Maryland	2	4	25	29	1	3	1	1	-		25	120
District of Columbia	5	1 3	2 ₁₄₃	66 109	5	3	-	-	-	1	102	1
VirginiaWest Virginia	4	1	193	50	4	1		_			154	14:
North Carolina	î	1	105	214	1	1	-	-	-	-	64	13
South Carolina	-	1	26	127	-	1	-	-	-	-	36	
Georgia		- [² 234	82 132	4	ī	_	ī		-	34 122	16
Florida	5	2	i							-		
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	13	7	349	406	6 3	1	2	3	-		183	118
Kentucky	3	1	70 111	109 145	2	_	ī	1			81	95
Alabama	5	3	53	53	_	-		10	-		30	-
Mississippi	2	2	115	99	1	1	1	1	-		1	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	28	12	712	1,066	24	9	3	2	1	-	213	14
Arkansas	2	-	27	55	2	-	-	(A)	1		-	
Louisiana	1 1	1	77	179 122	1		54m	1	1		21	
Oklahoma	24	10	57 551	710	21	9	3	1			192	120
22000	100	-		- 1				1	1		366	308
MOUNTAIN	1	1	194	238 12	1			1	1 a 1		113	130
Idaho	-	V - 1	12	25		-	-			-	16	40
Wyoming	-	m-	12	13	-		-	-	17-	X - 1 - 1	1	
Colorado		1	20	48	10-	-	-	1	1	-y-y-	151	6.
New Mexico	ī		36 34	49 55	1	161			1		18 43	1:
Arizona	-		11	32	1	-	A			- ×	21	1:
Wevada	-	-	5	4		_=-	11 No.	10	T	744	3	
PACIFIC	12	8	377	790	10	7	1	1		1	431	21:
Washington	1	1	34	18		1	1 8			· -	76	40
Oregon	.,-	1	38	45	10	1 5	1	ī	G./_=	1	142	8
California	11	6	305	727	10		1		-	1	213	9
Alaska	Š =	-	2	3	-	1	-		100		62 9	2
Hawaii		1	75 55	10 33	b = 5	1				-	143	3:

¹Includes cases not specified by type, category number 080.3.

²Includes revised report for one or more of the categories paralytic, nonparalytic, and unspecified poliomyelitis.

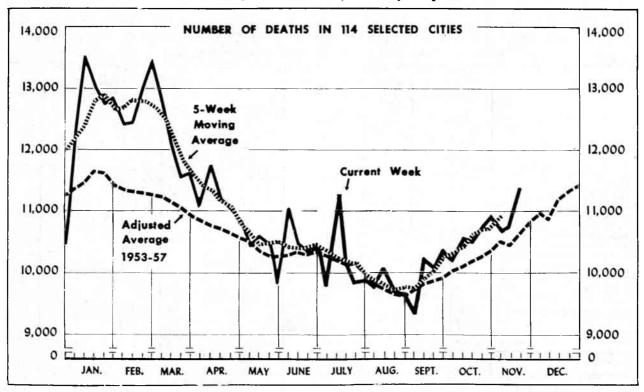
Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED NOVEMBER 23, 1957, AND NOVEMBER 22, 1958—Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Seventh Revision of the International Lists, 1955)

AREA	MENINGOCOCCAL INFECTIONS 057		MENIN- GITIS, OTHER	PSITTACOSIS			TYPEOID	FEVER 040	n:	TYPHUS FEVER, ENDEMIC	RABIES IN ANIMALS	
			340			47th week		Cumul first 4		101	ALL L'INIE	
	1958	1957	1958	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958	1958	1957
CONT. UNITED STATES	48	84	88	3	1	28	20	988	1,230	1	72	6
NEW ENGLAND	3	2	5				*	19	24	4 7		
Maine	1	-			-		40	2 1	2 2		× .	
Vermont	N -		_	_				W .			200	
Massachusetts	2	1	5	-	-		-	9	12	-	-	
Rhode Island		1		-			-	1 6	5 3	70	-	1 8
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	10	14		2	1	2	- 7	106	146	-	9	
New York	5	9		ī	- 1	-		34	56	Ş.	8	
New Jersey	4	- 1	- 1-	-	-	2	1	24	20	-	- 1 2	- 5
Pennsylvania	1	5	-	1	1	-	6	48	70	-	1	
EAST NORTH CENTRALOhio	16	18	28	-	-	3	-	103	171	14.1	4	
Indiana	3 2	4.	1	-		2		37 18	63 59		ĩ	
Illinois	4	3	24	-	-	-		22	20	III (1	
Michigan	4	4	3	-	-	1		16	15	-	î	24
Wisconsin	3	3	-	-	-		-	10	14		- 1	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	1	7	4	-	-	1	-	77	88	-	24	1
Minnesota	P SW =	5	4	-	- 1	-		3	5		9	1
Missouri	200					1		16 36	22 44	-	3 1	
North Dakota	V-1-1-	-		-	1. 5-	_		2	2		5	
South Dakota	-	2	-	119 -	-	-	,	7	8	-	10	
NebraskaKansas	1	100					1	2 11	1 6		1	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	2	16	10	V-5	_	1	3	166	231		13	1
Delaware	7. T -	-						5	1		-	11.
Maryland	1		3	We' -	. N. A1	-	7 -	11	10	S D VIE	- 7-1	E4TAI
Virginia	i	4	2		1.00	0.05	ī	38	9 41		4	
West Virginia	-	2	1	-	P 14			21	50		2	
North Carolina	-	9		-	-24	1	200	19	14	-	-	
South CarolinaGeorgia	-	1	1	-		J-10-1		12	20	- 0.0	1	
Florida		1 1 2	33		Fair I		1	32 ! 22	32 54	1	6	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	5	9	6			2	2	117	171	T 01 (40)	7	
Kentucky	1	3	2		(7)	2	-	36	54		5	1
Tennessee	1	1	3	41 -	p. 129	J. 21	400	34	65		1	
Alabama	3	3 2	1		100		(CC -	19	12	-	1	
	رَ ا	7		21 -	-		2	28	40			
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	7 2	2	4	of Fig.	-	5 2	5	229 29	246	1	12	
Louisiana	1	2	100 E 120	78 J			District	83	42 57	13 185	7	
Oklahoma	1	2	1	-	-		-	11	26			15
Texas	3	1	3		-	3	5	106	121	1	4	ļ
MOUNTAIN	2		1		-	1	2	75	54	-		10
MontanaI		5.E I	- 3	Ø 35	-			4	3	F	- 7	3
yoming		1 4						7 4	4 2	- 5	75	8
Colorado	-	- 1	1	E	-	-		9	12			
few Mexico	-	-		F1	-	1	1	32	20		-	
rizona	2	-			7-1		1	11	10	-		1
Wevada			i Carrie	Br	7.1	- 33		8	3			
PACIFIC	2	11	30	1	11 -	13	1	96	99		3	
Washington			- 1		A -1	-		3	7	_	-	
Oregon	-	1	2	- v	-1.05	1	3050 -	13	6	-	= -	
California	2	10	³ 28	1		12	1	80	86	-	3	
llaska	0.15	187 4	F 1	0.5	-	-	1	1	2	-	-	
Hawaii	i i	- 3	3	10.0	3		100	1 24	17	1	- 1	-
Puerto Rico	_	-73	3		- 1		TEL 2	24	Τ/		S	

³Aseptic meningitis.

Symbols.—1 dash [-]: no cases reported; asterisk [*]: disease not notifiable.



The chart shows the number of deaths reported for 114 major cities of the United States by week for the current year, a 5-week moving average of these figures plotted at the central week and an adjusted average, 1953-57, for comparison. The adjusted average is computed as follows: From the total deaths reported each week for the years 1953-57, 3 central figures are selected by eliminating the highest and lowest figures reported for that week. A 5-week moving average of the arithmetic means of the 3 central figures is then computed. The adjusted average shown in the chart is the 5-week moving average increased by 2.3 percent to allow for estimated population growth in the cities.

The use of the adjusted average is based on the assumption that the crude death rate and changes in population will remain at the level of recent years. No allowance has been made for increased use of city hospital facilities.

Table 4 shows the number of death certificates received during the week indicated for deaths that occurred in a specified city. Figures compiled in this way, by week of receipt, usually approximate closely the number of deaths occurring during the week. However, differences are to be expected because of variations in the interval between death and receipt of the certificate and because of incomplete reporting due to holidays or vacations. If a report is not received from a city in time to be included in the total for the current week an estimate is made for use in plotting the figure in the chart.

The number of deaths in cities of the same size may also differ because of variations in the age, race, and sex composition of the populations, and because some cities are hospital centers serving the surrounding areas. Changes from year to year in the number of deaths may be due in part to population increases or decreases.

Table 3. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISIONS

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Excludes fetal deaths)

AREA	47th week ended	46th week ended Nov. 15, 1958	Adjusted average, 47th week 1953-57	Percent change, adjusted average to current week	CUMULATIVE NUMBER FIRST 47 WEEKS			
AREA	Nov. 22, 1958				1958	1957	Percent change	
TOTAL: 114 REPORTING CITIES	- ¹ 11,382	10,775	10,690	+6.5	¹ 519,321	513,368	+1.2	
New England(14 cities		681	705	-2.4	132,823	32,911	-0.3	
Middle Atlantic(20 cities		3,039	3,181	+2.8	¹ 149,706	149,205	+0.3	
East North Central(19 cities		2,312	2,322	+4.9	110,867	111,098	-0.2	
West North Central(9 cities		851	766	+3.3	36,771	36,691	+0.2	
South Atlantic(11 cities		909	901	+1.2	44,765	43,274	+3.4	
		520 920	482 845	+17.8	24,199 44,128	22,970 42,717	+3.3	
lest South Central(13 cities		299	246	+37.0	13,921	12,827	+8.5	
Pacific(12 cities		1,244	1,285	+12.7	62,141	61,675	+0.8	

Includes estimate for missing cities.

Table 4. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Excludes fetal deaths)

AREA	47th week ended Nov.	46th week ended Nov.	CUMULATIV		AREA	47th week ended Nov.	46th week ended Nov.	CUMULATIVE NUMBER FIRST 47 WEEKS	
	22, 1958	15, 1958	1958	1957		22, 1958	15, 1958	1958	1957
NEW ENGLAND:					WEST NORTH CENTRAL—Con.:				
Boston, Mass	235	216	11,262	11,169	St. Louis, Mo	278	254	11,497	11,36
Bridgeport, Conn	46	34	1,757	1,815	St. Paul, Minn	67	78	3,320	3,11
Cambridge, Mass	33	32	1,346	1,387	Wichita, Kans	35	55	2,109	2,07
Fall River, Mass	25	26	1,278	1,281	SOUTH ATLANTIC:			1	
Hartford, Conn	65	40	2,361	2,357	Atlanta, Ga	90	119	5,148	5,21
Lynn, Mass	10 126	28	1,188 21,041	1,312	Baltimore, Md	236	223	11,460	11,33
New Bedford, Mass	22	16 17	1,080	1,012	Charlotte, N. C	53	37	1,657	1,60
New Haven, Conn	47	67	2,166	2,191	Jacksonville, Fla	58	61	2,777	2,54
Providence, R. I	57	69	3,008	2,922	Miami, Fla	60	55	3,299	2,39
Somerville, Mass	13	15	661	620	Norfolk, Va	42	24	1,653	1,7
Springfield, Mass	40	3 5	1,963	1,983	Richmond, Va	65	67	3,480	3,54
Waterbury, Conn	21	28	1,230	1,180	Sayannah, Ga	51	19	1,525	1,41
Worcester, Mass	48	58	2,482	2,542	St. Petersburg, Fla Tampa, Fla	(67) 49	(73) 71	(2,991) 2,996	2,90
CIDDLE AND ANDICO					Washington, D. C	168	193	9,031	8,86
IIDDLE ATLANTIC: Albany, N. Y	58	67	2 716	2,337	Wilmington, Del	40	40	1,739	1,7
Allentown, Pa	41	57 31	2,316 1,527	1,812				, , ,	
Buffalo, N. Y	151	151	6,972	6,741	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL: Birmingham, Ala	97	80	4 064	z 70
Camden, N. J	28	29	1,928	1,898	Chattanooga, Tenn	47	59	2,222	3,76 2,1
Elizabeth, N. J	29	39	1,389	1,331	Knoxville, Tenn	28	25	1,271	1,2
Erie, Pa	42	44	1,688	1,697	Louisville, Ky	132	123		5,0
Jersey City, N. J	76	63	3,274	3,263	Memphis, Tenn	126	97	5,389	5,0
Newark, N. J	106	96	4,454	4,855	Mobile, Ala	45	41	1,784	1,7
New York City, N. Y	1,607	1,629	75,877	75,442	Montgomery, Ala	30	32	1,576	1,2
Paterson, N. J.	46	27	1,905	1,834	Nashville, Tenn	63	63	2,760	2,7
Philadelphia, Pa Pittsburgh, Pa	539 214	328 172	23,315 8,839	22,872 8,739	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL:				
Reading, Pa	120	14	2985	1,099	Austin, Tex	26	22	1,491	1,4
Rochester, N. Y	93	85	4,727	4,640	Baton Rouge, La	30	26	1,304	1,1
Schenectady, N. Y	124	41	² 1,075	1,107	Corpus Christi, Tex	26	26		1,0
Scranton, Pa	45	40	1,642	1,772	Dallas, Tex	117	126		5,1
Syracuse, N. Y	53	81	2,929	2,800	Fort Worth, Tex	33	48		1,4
Trenton, N. J	42	46	2,160	2,115	Houston, Tex	138	55 140	7,370	2,9
Utica, N. Y	22	29	1,264	1,472	Little Rock, Ark	65	60	2,580	2,4
Yonkers, N. Y	34	37	1,440	1,379	New Orleans, La	184	177		8,1
AST NORTH CENTRAL:	E3				Oklahoma City, Okla	65	58	3,155	2,9
Akron, Ohio	67	61	2,661	2,577	San Antonio, Tex	93	105		4,5
Canton, Ohio	30	28	1,448	1,489	Shreveport, La	44	34		2,2
Chicago, Ill	752	737	35,224	35,928	Tulsa, Okla	44	43	2,330	2,2
Cincinnati, Ohio	188	128	7,521.	7,224	MOUNTAIN:				
Cleveland, Ohio	198	219	9,715	9,831	Albuquerque, N. Mex	33	30		1,2
Columbus, Ohio	126	106	5,388	5,316 3,394	Colorado Springs, Colo	15	21		6
Dayton, Ohio	57 336	76	3,358	15,330	Denver, Colo	116	99		5,2
Detroit, Mich	30	322 33	1,787	1,530	Ogden, Utah	15 72	57		1,4
Flint, Mich.	46	39	1,764	1,772	Pueblo, Colo	20	13		1,9
Fort Wayne, Ind.	51	41	1,646	1,695	Salt Lake City, Utah	44	49		2,1
Gary, Ind.	41	31	1,471	1,386	Tucson, Ariz	22	19		Ś
Grand Rapids, Mich	39	30	1,905	1,915	PACIFIC:				
Indianapolis, Ind	130	118	6,073	5,733	Berkeley, Calif	19	12	873	
Madison, Wis	(32)	(35)	(1,520)	(1,504)	Fresno, Calif	(43)			
Milwaukee, Wis	122	132	6,138	6,178 1,420	Glendale, Calif		(25		
Peoria, Ill.	(20)	31 (29)	1,495 (1,235)	(1,225)	Tone Decel C-146	59	45	2,579	2,5
Rockford, Ill	(29) 38	24	1,259	1,235	Los Angeles, Calif	531	438		22,2
Toledo, Ohio	83	96	4,583	4,487	Oakland, Calif	121	77		4,
Youngstown, Ohio	59	60	2,479	2,658	Pasadena, Calif	34	31		1,6
,,					Portland, Oreg.	128 50	101 62	1	4,5
ST NORTH CENTRAL:					Sacramento, Calif	92	83		2,4
Des Moines, Iowa	53	53	2,546	2,623	San Diego, Calif San Francisco, Calif	163	183		8,9
Duluth, Minn	27	23	1,165	1,261	San Jose, Calif	(27)	(25		0,,
Kansas City, Kans	18	47	1,325	1,353	Seattle, Wash	137	134		6,
Kansas City, Mo	105	122	5,663	5,625	Spokane, Wash	68	39		2,
Lincoln, Nebr	(18)	(36)		6,014	Tacoma, Wash	46	39		1,8
Omaha, Nebr	138	142	5,898	3,256	Honolulu, Hawaii	(34)	(42	(1,716)	(1,
Committee in the part of the p	70	77	3,248	5,000		,,	, ,,,,,,	1	(-)

Estimated.

²Includes estimate for current week.

Symbols.—Parenthesis () : data not included in table 3; 3 dashes [---] : data not available.

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS—Continued

cluded nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, cramps, headache, bloated with gas, chills, and heartburn. The turkey used in the salad was out of refrigeration for about 1½ hours the day before serving while the cooked meat was removed from the bones. The day of serving it was out of refrigeration while mixed with mayonnaise from a new jar of a commercial make, celery, green pepper, and hard boiled eggs. After being put on individual plates it was again refrigerated for about 2 hours before being served. Samples of the salad were positive for pathogenic micrococci. A sample of apricot puff served at the meal was also examined and found negative.

The other outbreak occurred in a private residence. Fifteen persons who ate the suspect food became ill approximately 5 hours after eating a lobster, shrimp, and crab newburg. Symptoms ranged from diarrhea only to nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and cramps, and lasted about 6 hours. The ingredients of the newburg included chopped parsley, frozen shrimp, frozen lobster, frozen crab meat, whole milk, flour, and eggs. The frozen seafoods were kept frozen until about 5 hours before serving when they were allowed to thaw before being mixed with the freshly prepared sauce. The prepared newburg was placed in a pan of hot water until served several hours later. Specimens of the newburg, and also turkey, cake, pilaf, and fruit which were served were examined. Both the turkey and newburg contained pathogenic staphylococcus. But the food histories of the ill persons indicated the source of the infection was the newburg.

In each of the outbreaks there was no history of illness among the food handlers.

QUARANTINE MEASURES

Immunization Information for International Travel
Public Health Service Publication No. 384

Changes Reported

America.—Leeward Islands, Antigua (p. 32) now requires smallpox vaccination of all arrivals. For St. Kitts-Nevis-Anguilla and Montserrat the information remains the same.

SOURCE AND NATURE OF MORBIDITY DATA

These provisional data are based on reports to the Public Health Service from health departments of each State and of Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico. They give the total number of cases of certain communicable diseases reported during the week usually ended the preceding Saturday. Cases of anthrax, botulism, and rabies in man are not shown in table 2, but a footnote to table 1 shows the States reporting on these diseases. In addition, when diseases of rare occurrence (cholera, dengue, plague, louse-borne relapsing fever, smallpox, louse-borne epidemic typhus, and yellow fever) are reported, this will be noted at the end of table 1.

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